



Sea Banks around the Wash in Lincolnshire

MEDIEVAL

- probable Anglo-Danish coastline, c. AD 900
- coastline of c. 1300 (= 'unitary' Medieval Sea Bank)
- the Tofts ridge (Wrangle to Wainfleet)

Coastal daughter settlements established by c. 1300:

- a - Leake Hurn's End
- b - Leverton Lucasgate & Leverton Outgate
- c - Benington Sea End
- d - Surfleet Seas End
- e - Moulton Seas End
- f - Holbeach Clough & Holbeach Bank
- g - Holbeach Hurn
- h - Gedney Dyke

POST-MEDIEVAL

Outer limit of reclamation by sea banks by date:

- 1700
- 1800
- 1983

Post-Medieval settlements on reclaimed coastal land:

- i - Holbech St. Marks
- ii - Holbeach St. Matthew
- iii - Dawsmere
- iv - Gedney Drove End
- v - Sutton Bridge

Source: MAFF (1983) with additional information from Hallam (1965)

References

Cope-Faulkner, P. et al (2010), *Wide Horizons: A History of South Holland's Landscape and People*, Heritage Lincolnshire

Crowson, A. et al (2005), *Anglo-Saxon Settlement on the Siltland of Eastern England*, Lincolnshire Archaeology & Heritage Report No. 7

Hallam, H.E. (1965), *Settlement and Society: A Study of the Early Agrarian History of South Lincolnshire*, Cambridge University Press

Ministry of Agriculture, Fisheries & Food (1983), *MAFF Map C: The Wash - Green Marsh Areas*, MAFF

Robinson, D.N. (2001), *The Book of the Lincolnshire Seaside*, Baron Books, Buckingham

Simmons, I.G. (2015), *The landscape development of the Tofts of south-east Lincolnshire 1100- 1650*, in *Landscape History*, Volume 36 Issue 1

RIGHT: **Medieval Sea Bank, Fosdyke**

